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### Characteristics

### **System**

 Volumetric metering system for self-lubricating fluids (oils, ..), excellent viscosity independence.

### **Evaluation**

o Display, switching, Metering, counting

### **Nominal widths**

o DN 8..25

### Range

o 0,04..150 l/min

### Pressure resistance

o max. 200 bar

### Medium temperature

○ -20..+120 °C

### **Materials**

o Al anodised, steel, stainless steel

### **Function and benefits**

The VHS measurement systems have been designed for flow measurement and monitoring of viscous, self-lubricating media (oils, etc.). The fluid fills the defined space between the gears and the wall, and is transported onwards by its own energy of flow. Here, a magnetically pre-tensioned Hall sensor detects a pulse according to the intermediate gear volumes transported. The current value is proportional to the detected frequency.



- o Ranges from 0.04..150 l/min (G 1/4..G 1)
- Large viscosity independence due to volumetric measurement process (fluids, oils, paints, pastes with self-lubricating character).
- Precision better than 3 % of the measurement value (better with higher viscosities)

### **Applications**

- Lubrication applications
- Position monitoring (via hydraulics)
- Metering of present value
- Totalisation
- Batch counting, filling applications
- Consumption metering
- Positioning of cylinders
- Lubrication equipment
- Dry-run protection
- Low production spread
- Position-independent operation
- Bi-directional operation possible (with A / B signals, direction detectable)
- Intrinsically safe behaviour (operational failure creates error message)
- No magnets in the flow area (detection by
- external pre-tensioned Hall sensor)
- Operating pressure up to 200 bar
- Temperature range up to 150 °C
- Frequency output in a wide range linear (measurement range 1:50)
- Analog measuring transducer through screw-on electronics or possible with external converter (then a display and switching points can also be realised)
- LABO, FLEX, OMNI compatible
- Universal local counters possible

With oils, for example, different viscosities arise as operating temperatures vary. Here, in addition to the Coriolis principle, the volumetric principle offers the best measurement results. The diagram shows good independence from viscosity. The higher the viscosity, the smaller the leakage error.

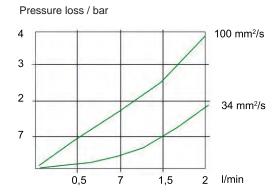


### **Diagrams**

### Pressure loss / Viscosity / Flow rate

The pressure loss results from the flow rate and the viscosity of the fluid being measured. Larger viscosities create larger pressure losses. Higher viscosities than those listed here are easily possible, but require a higher pump capacity.

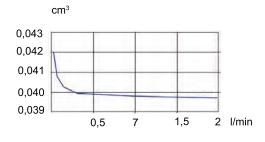
VHZ-008



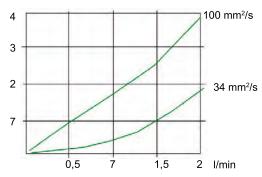
### Intermediate gear volume and flow rate

This ratio indicates the precision of the flow meter. With a limited metering range, greater precision can be provided. The precision also improves as the viscosity increases (test viscosity for the represented curves is  $20~\text{mm}^2/\text{s}$ ).

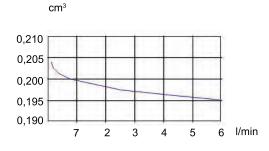
VHZ-008



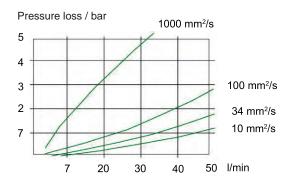
VHZ-010 Pressure loss / bar



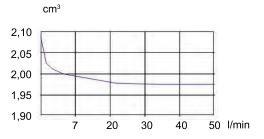
VHZ-010



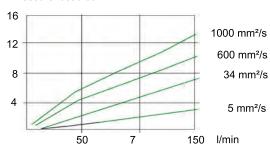
VHZ-020



VHZ-020

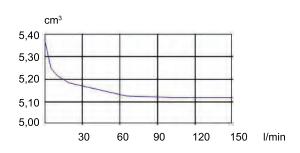


VHZ-025 Pressure loss / bar





### VHZ-025



### Noise level and flow rate

### VHZ-008

The noise development of the VHZ-008... at 2 l/min is < 50 dB

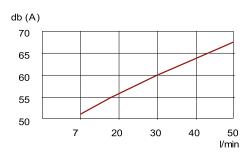
### VHZ-010

The noise development of the VHZ-010... at 6 l/min is < 50 dB

### VHZ-025

The noise development of the VHZ-025... at 150 l/min is < 70 dB

### VHZ-020



The noise level always remains below the curve with the specified flow value. Test viscosity was 22 mm²/s. With a higher viscosity the noise level is lower.

### Combinations

Due to the high conformity of the gear measurement, the sensor electronics can be replaced arbitrarily. This makes it easier simply change the electronics if necessary or desired (exception: VHZ-08).





### On the spot programming options

### LABO-VHZ-I / U / F / C /S



Pulse programming on pin 2:

Apply the supply voltage level for one second and save the current value as the final value (for analog outputs) or as a switching value (for limit value switches).

### Comments

Filters of 30 µm mesh size should be used.

If there is a possibility of ferritic abrasion, magnetic filters should be installed in the line upstream of the transmitter.

Installation downstream of a rapidly switching valve should be avoided because of the possible pulses in flow rate. Always install measuring equipment on the pressure side.

Gently starting pumps protect your instruments and pipe installa-

### **OMNI-VHZ**



Programming with magnet ring:

With the aid of the display and of the movable ring, numerous parameters can be conveniently set on the spot.

### FLEX-VHZ



Programming with magnet clip:

Hold the magnet to the marking for 1 second and save the present value as the final value (for analog outputs) or as a switching value (for limit value switches).

### ECI-1



If required, all parameters can be set at any time on all intelligent sensors, using the ECI-1 device configurator.



### **Device overview**

			<i>a</i>	e G		Outpu	t signal	
Device	Range	Pressure resistance in bar	Medium temperature	Supply voltage	Display	Switching	Measuring	Page
VHZ	0,02150 l/min	PN 100200	-25+80 °C (150 °C)	1030V DC	For option plug M12x1 Signal LED	-	Pulse / volume (Push-Pull)	7
LABO-VHZ-S	0,02150 l/min	PN 100200	-25+80 °C (150 °C)	1030V DC	Signal LED	1 x Push-Pull	-	11
LABO-VHZ-I	0,02150 l/min	PN 100200	-25+80 °C (150 °C)	1030V DC	Signal LED	-	420 mA	16
LABO-VHZ-U	0,02150 l/min	PN 100200	-25+80 °C (150 °C)	1530V DC	Signal LED	-	010 V	16
LABO-VHZ-F	0,02150 l/min	PN 100200	-25+80 °C (150 °C)	1030V DC	Signal LED	-	Programmable F / F transducer 02 kHz Push-Pull	16
LABO-VHZ-C	0,02150 l/min	PN 100200	-25+80 °C (150 °C)	1030V DC	Signal LED	1 pulse per defined quantity, push-p		16
FLEX-VHZ	0,02150 l/min	PN 100200	-25+80 °C (150 °C)	1830V DC	Signal LED	1 x Push-Pull	0/420 mA oder 010 V or frequency 02 kHz	21
OMNI-VHZ	0,02150 l/min	PN 100200	-25+80 °C (150 °C)	1830V DC	Graphic LCD illuminated transflective and signal LED	0/420 mA 2 x Push-Pull 0/420 mA oder 010 V		26
OMNI-Counter- OPTION-C	Preset Counter	with external re	eset facility, an	iti-complement	tary switching c	outputs and actual v	value display.	31
OMNI-Counter- OPTION-C1	Instantaneous value display with analog output, pulse output and volume totalizer.						34	
ECI-1	All LABO, FLEX	, and OMNI pa	arameters can	be set or modi	ified using the I	ECI-1 configurator.		37
Options	<ul><li>○ LABO transm</li><li>○ OMNI – Tropic</li></ul>		ature up to 150	0				38
Accessories	OMNI – Tropical model  Type ZV / ZE (Filter)  KB (Round plug connector 4/5-pin)  OMNI-TA (Panel meter)  OMNI-remote						39 40 40 40	

Errors and technical modifications reserved.



# Flow Transmitter VHZ



- Ideally suited for viscous media (oils)
- Light and compact construction in an aluminium housing
- For cost-sensitive applications

advantage of reduced wiring effort.

### Characteristics

The VHZ gearwheel flow meter measures the flow by a volumetric principle, in which a pair of gearwheels is moved proportional to the flow rate. The movement of the gearwheels is measured through the enclosing housing wall by a sensor. The devices are suitable for viscous, fluid, self-lubricating media, as well as for aqueous fluids such as soaps, pasts, emulsions etc. which have a non-abrasive character. Because of the volumetric functioning principle, the devices are almost completely independent of viscosity.

A push-pull transistor output, an A / B output or a two wire output are available as signal output.

The push-pull output can as desired be connected as a PNP or an NPN output, and emits a frequency proportional to the flow rate. The A / B output consists of two push-pull outputs, whose signals are phase-shifted by 90  $^{\circ}$ . This makes it possible to determine the direction of flow using the bidirectionally driven sensor. The 2 wire model represents the pulse as two different currents, and has the

Alternatively, it is possible to use add-on electronics with signal processing, in the series OMNI, FLEX and LABO.

Sensor gearwheel volumeter  Nominal width DN 825					
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					
Process connection female thread G <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> G 1					
Metering ranges 0.02150 l/min					
for details, see table "Ranges"					
Measurement ±3 % of the measured value					
accuracy in the specified metering range					
(measured at 20 mm²/s)	(measured at 20 mm²/s)				
Repeatability ±0,3 %					
Medium -25+80 °C					
temperature					
Ambient -20+70 °C					
temperature					
Pressure resistance see table "Pressure resistance and Weight"	1				
Pressure loss see upstream page "Function and					
benefits - volumetric, gearwheel"					
Materials see table "Materials"					
medium-contact					
3 wire Supply 1030 V DC					
or voltage A / B- Current approx. 20 mA without load					
output consump-					
tion					
Signal transistor output "push-pull"					
output (resistant to short circuits and polar	rity				
reversal) l <sub>out</sub> = 100 mA max.					
2 wire Supply voltage 4.524 V DC					
Signal Low: 7 mA					
output High: 14 mA					
Reversed yes					
polarity					
protected     Electrical   optional plug DIN 43650-A / ISO 44	100 or				
connection for round plug connector M12x1, 4					
Ingress protection IP 65					
Weight see table					
"Pressure resistance and weight"					
Conformity CE					

### Pressure resistance and weight

G	Types	PN	Housing material	Weight
		bar		kg
G 1/4	VHZ-008GA	200	Aluminium	0.5
G 1/4	VHZ-008GK	160	Stainless steel	1.5
G 3/8	VHZ-010GA	160	Aluminium	0.5
G 3/8	VHZ-010GK	160	Stainless steel	1.5
G 3/4	VHZ-020GA	160	Aluminium	1.6
G 3/4	VHZO-020GA	100	Aluminium / glass	1.6
G 1	VHZ-025GA	80	Aluminium	6.3



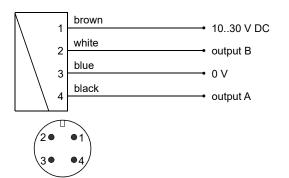
### Ranges

Metering range Types		Pulse volume	Frequency
l/min		cm³	Hz at Q <sub>max.</sub>
0.02 2	VHZ-008	0.04	833
0.10 6	VHZ-010	0.20	500
0.50 50	VHZ(O)-020	2.00	417
3.00 150	VHZ-025	5.22	479



### A / B output

only with 4-pole round plug connector

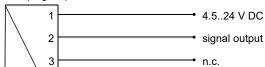


### Materials

	VHZ- 008GA	VHZ- 010025GA	VHZ- 008GK	VHZ- 010025 GK
Housi- ng	Aluminium	Al anodised	stainless steel 1.4404	stainless steel 1.4404
gear- wheel and Axis	stainless steel 1.4462	stainless steel 1.4462	stainless steel 1.4462	stainless steel 1.4462
Bea- ring	Stainless steel ball bearings 1.4037 / 1.4016 / PVD coated	Iglidur X	stainless steel 1.4037 / 1.4016 /PVD- coated	lglidur X
Seal	FKM	FKM	FKM	FKM
Sight glass		Glass (only with VHZO)		

### 2 wire model

with plug as per DIN 43650-A / ISO 4400





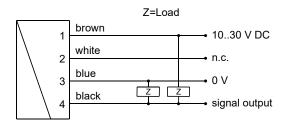
### Wiring

Before the electrical installation, it must be ensured that the supply voltage complies with the data sheet.

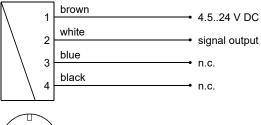
The use of shielded cabling is recommended.

### Push-pull output

with round plug connector M12x1



with round plug connector M12x1

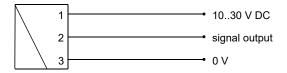








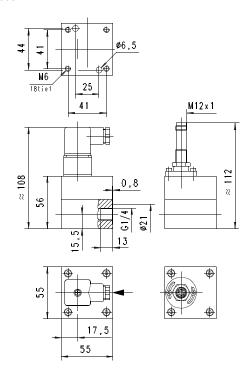
with plug as per DIN 43650-A / ISO 4400



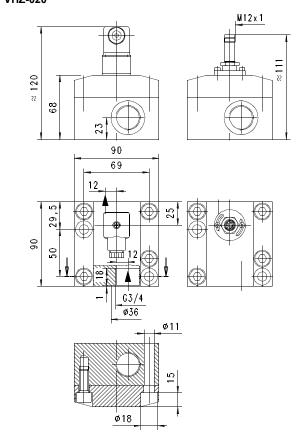


### **Dimensions**

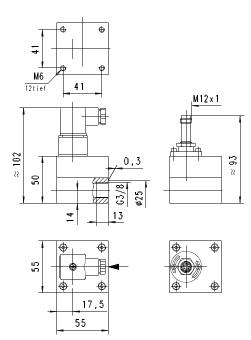
### VHZ-008



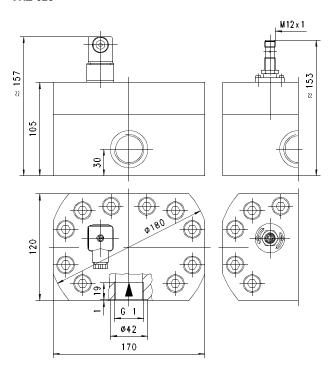
### VHZ-020



### VHZ-010



### VHZ-025





### **Handling and Operation**

### Installation

The VHZ flow measurement device can be installed anywhere in the pipework system. A run-in section is not required. The direction of flow may be freely chosen. It should be ensured that no dirt particles (thread cutting swarf!) can get into the flow space, as this could cause the blockage of the gearwheels. It may therefore be necessary to install filters upstream of the flow measurement device (mesh size 30  $\mu m$ ).

### Ordering code

	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.
VHZ-			G				

### O=Option

1.	Sight g	las	s						
	-		no sight glass						
	0-		with sight glass						
2.	Nomina	al v	vidth						
	008		DN 8 - G <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub>						•
	010		DN 10 - G <sup>3</sup> / <sub>8</sub>						•
	020		DN 20 - G <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub>					•	•
	025		DN 25 - G 1						•
3.	Proces	s c	onnection						
	G		female thread						
4.	Body m	nat							
	Α		aluminium	•	•	•	•		
	K	O	stainless steel			•	•		
5.	Ranges	3							
	002		0.02 2 l/min				•		
	006		0.10 6 l/min			•			
	050		0.50 50 l/min		•				
	150		3.00150 l/min	•					
6.	Signal	out	tput						
	M		push-pull transistor output	•	•	•	•		
	Α	<u>o</u>	A / B output (2 x push-pull)	•	•	•			
	Z	0	2 wire	•	•	•	•		
7.	Electric	al	connection						
	В		plug DIN 43650A / ISO 4400						
	S	0	for round plug connector M12x1, 4-	pol	е				

Attention: The A / B output requires the use of a

4-pole round plug connector!

### **Options**

• Highest temperature 120 °C

### **Accessories**

- Cable/round plug connector (KB...) see additional information "Accessories"
- Remote flow display OMNI-TA



# Flow Switch LABO-VHZ-S



- Volumetric flow switching
- Almost no effect from differing viscosities
- Versatile, configurable switching output in push-pull design
- Robust construction
- Compact design

### Characteristics

The VHZ gearwheel flow meter measures the flow by a volumetric principle, in which a pair of gearwheels is moved proportional to the flow rate. The movement of the gearwheels is measured through the enclosing housing wall by a sensor. The devices are suitable for viscous, fluid, self-lubricating media, as well as for aqueous fluids such as soaps, pasts, emulsions etc. which have a non-abrasive character. Because of the volumetric functioning principle, the devices are almost completely independent of viscosity.

The LABO electronics fitted to the device make available an electronic switching output (push-pull) with adjustable characteristics (minimum/maximum) and hysteresis, which responds when an adjustable limit is fallen short of or exceeded.

If desired, the switching value can be set to the currently existing flow using "teaching". Models with analog or pulse output are also available (see separate data sheets).

Technical data			
Sensor	gearwheel volumete	er	
Nominal width	DN 825		
Process	female thread G 1/4.	.G 1	
connection			
Switching ranges	0.02150 l/min		
	for details, see table		
Measurement	±3 % of the measur		
accuracy	in the specified met (measured at 20 mi		
Repeatability	±0.3 %		
Medium	-25+80 °C		
temperature	optionally -25+120	) °C	
Ambient	-20+70 °C		
temperature			
Pressure	see table		
resistance	"Pressure resistanc	<u> </u>	
Pressure loss	see upstream page "Function and		
Mataulala	benefits - volumetric, gearwheel" see table "Materials"		
Materials medium-contact	see table "Materials	<b>5</b> "	
Materials, non-	Sensor tube	CW614N nickelled	
medium-contact	Adhesive	Epoxy resin	
	Flange bolts	stainless steel	
Supply	1030 V DC	otalinoso otooi	
voltage	1000 1 20		
Power	< 1 W (for no-load of	output)	
consumption	·		
Switching output	transistor output "pu	ush-pull"	
	(resistant to short c		
Diaminu	reversal) l <sub>out</sub> = 100 r	na max.	
Display	yellow LED (On = Normal / Off	- Alarm /	
	rapid flashing = Pro		
Electrical		ector M12x1, 4-pole	
connection			
Ingress protection	IP 67		
Weight	see table		
	"Pressure resistanc	e and weight"	
Conformity	CE		

### Pressure resistance and weight

G	Types	PN	Housing material	Weight
		bar		kg
G 1/4	LABO-VHZ-008GA	200	Aluminium	0.5
G 1/4	LABO-VHZ-008GK	160	stainless steel	1.5
G 3/8	LABO-VHZ-010GA	160	Aluminium	0.5
G 3/8	LABO-VHZ-010GK	160	stainless steel	1.5
G 3/4	LABO-VHZ-020GA	160	Aluminium	1.6
G 3/4	LABO-VHZO-020GA	100	Aluminium / glass	1.6
G 1	LABO-VHZ-025GA	80	Aluminium	6.3

### Ranges

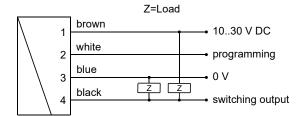
Metering range	Types	Pulse volume (= resolution)
l/min		cm³
0.02 2	LABO-VHZ-008	0.04
0.10 6	LABO-VHZ-010	0.20
0.50 50	LABO-VHZ(O)-020	2.00
3.00 50	LABO-VHZ-025	5.22



### **Materials**

	LABO-VHZ- 008025GA	LABO-VHZ- 008GK	LABO-VHZ- 010025GK
Housing	Al anodised	stainless steel 1.4404	stainless steel 1.4404
gearwheel and Axis	stainless steel 1.4462	stainless steel 1.4462	stainless steel 1.4462
Bearing	Iglidur X	stainless steel 1.4037 / 1.4 016 /PVD-c oated	Iglidur X
Seal	FKM	FKM	FKM
Sight glass	glass (only with VHZO)		

### Wiring



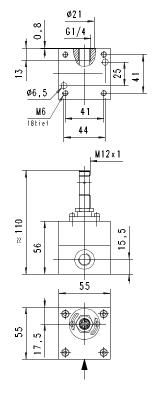
Connection example: PNP NPN



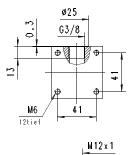
Before the electrical installation, it must be ensured that the supply voltage corresponds to the data sheet. It is recommended to use shielded wiring.

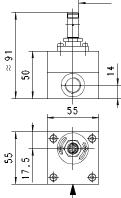
### **Dimensions**

### LABO-VHZ-008



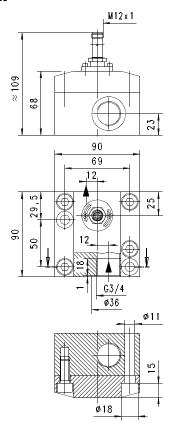
### LABO-VHZ-010



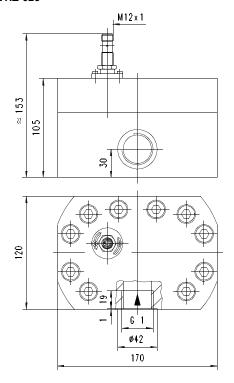




### LABO-VHZ-020



### LABO-VHZ-025



### Handling and operation

### Installation

The VHZ flow measurement device can be installed anywhere in the pipework system. A run-in section is not required. The direction of flow may be freely chosen.

It should be ensured that no dirt particles (thread cutting swarf) can get into the flow space, as this could cause the blockage of the gearwheels. It may therefore be necessary to install filters upstream of the flow measurement device (mesh size 30 µm).

### Note

The switching value can be programmed by the user via "teaching". If desired, programmability can be blocked by the manufacturer.

The ECI-1 device configurator with associated software is available as a convenient option for programming all parameters by PC, and for adjustment.

### Operation and programming

The switching value is set as follows:

- Apply the flow rate to be set to the device.
- Apply an impulse of at least 0.5 seconds and max. 2 seconds duration to pin 2 (e.g. via a bridge to the supply voltage or a pulse from the PLC), in order to accept the measured value.
- When the teaching is complete, pin 2 should be connected to 0 V, so as to prevent unintended programming.

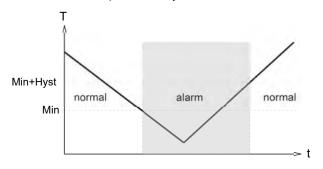
The device has a yellow LED which flashes during the programming pulse. During operation, the LED serves as a status display for the switching output.

In order to avoid the need to transit to an undesired operating status during the teach-in, the device can be provided ex-works with a teach-offset. The teach-offset point is added to the currently measured value before saving. The offset point can be positive or negative.

Example: The switching value should be set to 80 l/min. However, it is possible only to reach 60 l/min without problems. In this case, the device would be set using a teach-offset of +20 l/min. At a flow rate of 60 l/min in the process, teaching would then store a value of

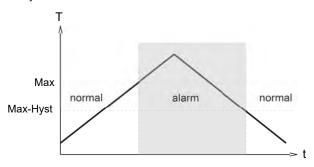
The limit switch can be used to monitor minimal or maximal.

With a minimum-switch, falling below the limit value causes a switchover to the alarm state. Return to the normal state occurs when the limit value plus the set hysteresis is once more exceeded.

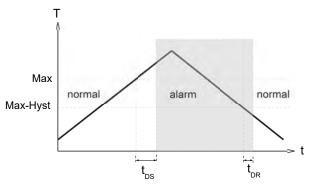




With a maximum-switch, exceeding the limit value causes a switchover to the alarm state. Return to the normal state occurs when the measured value once more falls below the limit value minus the set hysteresis.

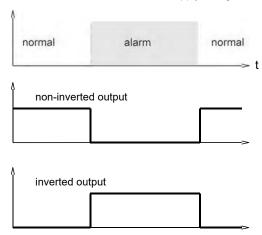


A switchover delay time ( $t_{DS}$ ) can be applied to the switchover to the alarm state. Equally, one switch-back delay time ( $t_{DR}$ ) of several can



be applied to switching back to the normal state. In the normal state the integrated LED is on, in the alarm state it is off, and this corresponds to its status when there is no supply voltage.

In the non-inverted (standard) model, while in the normal state the switching output is at the level of the supply voltage; in the alarm state it is at 0 V, so that a wire break would also display as an alarm state at the signal receiver. Optionally, an inverted switching output can also be provided, i.e. in the normal state the output is at 0 V, and in the alarm state it is at the level of the supply voltage.



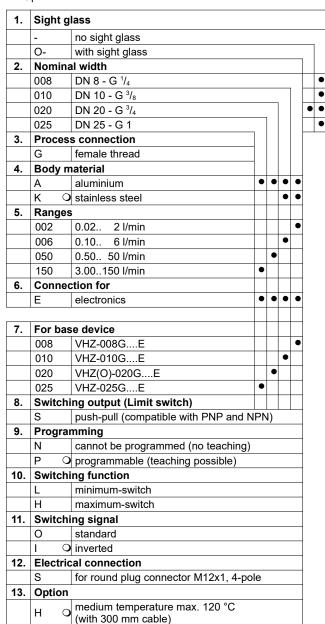
A Power-On-Delay function (ordered as a separate option) makes it possible to maintain the switching output in the normal state for a defined period after application of the supply voltage.

### Ordering code

The base device is ordered, e.g. VHZ-008GA002E with electronics, e.g. OMNI-VHZ-008IPLO



O=Option





Options	
<b>Switching delay period</b> (0.099.9 s) (from Normal to Alarm)	s s
<b>Switch-back delay period</b> (0.099.9 s) (from Alarm to Normal)	s s
Power-On delay period (099 s) (after connecting the supply, time during which the outputs are not actuated)	s
Switching output fixed at	l/min
Switching hysteresis standard = 2 % of the metering range	<u></u> %
<b>Teach-offset</b> (in percent of the metering range) standard = 0 %	

### Accessories

- Cable/round plug connector (KB...) see additional information "Accessories" Device configurator ECI-1



# Flow Transmitter LABO-VHZ-I / U / F / C



- Volumetric flow measurement
- Almost no effect from differing viscosities
- 0..10 V, 4..20 mA, frequency/pulse output, completely configurable
- Robust construction
- Compact design

### Characteristics

The VHZ gearwheel flow meter measures the flow by a volumetric principle, in which a pair of gearwheels is moved proportional to the flow rate. The movement of the gearwheels is measured through the enclosing housing wall by a sensor. The devices are suitable for viscous, fluid, self-lubricating media, as well as for aqueous fluids such as soaps, pasts, emulsions etc. which have a non-abrasive character. Because of the volumetric functioning principle, the devices are almost completely independent of viscosity.

The LABO electronics make various output signals available:

- Analog signal 0/4..20 mA (LABO-VHZ-...I)
- Analog signal 0/2..10 V (LABO-VHZ-...U)
- Frequency signal (LABO-VHZ-...F) or
- A value signal Pulse / x Litres (LABO-VHZ-...C)

A model with switching output is also available.

If desired, the range end value can be set to the currently existing flow using "teaching".

medium-contact Adhesive Epoxy resin Flange bolts stainless steel  Supply 1030 V DC at voltage output 10 V: voltage 1530 V DC  Power consumption  Output data: all outputs are resistant to short circuits an reversal polarity protected  Current output: Voltage output: Voltage output: Voltage output: Voltage output: Frequency transistor output "push-pull"	Technical data	
Nominal width   DN 825	Sensor	gearwheel volumeter
Process connection	Nominal width	<u> </u>
Measurement accuracy		
Measurement accuracy	Metering ranges	
(measured at 20 mm²/s)	Measurement	-
Medium temperature	accuracy	
temperature optionally -25+120 °C  Ambient -20+70 °C  Pressure see table "Pressure resistance and weight"  Pressure loss see upstream page "Function and benefits - volumetric, gearwheel"  Materials medium-contact see table "Materials"  Materials, non-medium-contact Sensor tube CW614N nickelle Adhesive Epoxy resin Flange bolts stainless steel  Supply 1030 V DC at voltage output 10 V: voltage 1530 V DC  Power consumption  Output data: all outputs are resistant to short circuits an reversal polarity protected  Current output: Voltage output "push-pull"	Repeatability	±0.3 %
Ambient temperature  Pressure resistance "Pressure resistance and weight"  Pressure loss see upstream page "Function and benefits - volumetric, gearwheel"  Materials medium-contact see table "Materials"  Materials, non-medium-contact Sensor tube CW614N nickelle Adhesive Epoxy resin Flange bolts stainless steel  Supply 1030 V DC at voltage output 10 V: voltage 1530 V DC  Power consumption  Output data: all outputs are resistant to short circuits an reversal polarity protected  Current output: Voltage o	Medium	
temperature  Pressure resistance  Pressure loss  see upstream page "Function and benefits - volumetric, gearwheel"  Materials medium-contact  Materials, non-medium-contact  See table "Materials"  Sensor tube Adhesive Epoxy resin Flange bolts Stainless steel  Supply voltage 1530 V DC at voltage output 10 V: voltage 1530 V DC  Power consumption  Output data:  all outputs are resistant to short circuits an reversal polarity protected Current output: Voltage output: Voltage output: Voltage output: Voltage output: Trequency  transistor output "push-pull"	<u> </u>	
Pressure resistance "Pressure resistance and weight"  Pressure loss see upstream page "Function and benefits - volumetric, gearwheel"  Materials medium-contact  Materials, non-medium-contact  See table "Materials"  See table "Materials"  See table "Materials"  See table "Materials"  Adhesive Epoxy resin Flange bolts stainless steel  Supply 1030 V DC at voltage output 10 V: voltage 1530 V DC  Power < 1 W (for no-load outputs)  Output data:  all outputs are resistant to short circuits an reversal polarity protected  Current output: Voltage output: Voltage output: Voltage output: Voltage output: Trequency  Output data:  see table "Pressure resistance and weight"  See table "Materials"  CW614N nickelle Epoxy resin Flange bolts Stainless steel  Cy at voltage output 10 V:  1030 V DC at voltage output 10 V:  1030		-20+70 °C
resistance "Pressure resistance and weight"  Pressure loss see upstream page "Function and benefits - volumetric, gearwheel"  Materials medium-contact  Materials, non-medium-contact  See table "Materials"  See table "Materials"  Sensor tube CW614N nickelle Adhesive Epoxy resin Flange bolts stainless steel  Supply 1030 V DC at voltage output 10 V: voltage 1530 V DC  Power consumption  Output data: all outputs are resistant to short circuits an reversal polarity protected  Current output: Voltage output: Voltage output: 010 V (210 V available on request) output current max. 20 mA  Frequency transistor output "push-pull"		and table
Pressure loss   see upstream page "Function and benefits - volumetric, gearwheel"		
benefits - volumetric, gearwheel"		
Medium-contact       Sensor tube       CW614N nickelle         Materials, non-medium-contact       Sensor tube       CW614N nickelle         Adhesive       Epoxy resin         Flange bolts       stainless steel         Supply       1030 V DC at voltage output 10 V:         voltage       1530 V DC         Power consumption       < 1 W (for no-load outputs)         Output data:       all outputs are resistant to short circuits an reversal polarity protected         Current output:       420 mA (020 mA available on request)         Voltage output:       010 V (210 V available on request)         output:       output current max. 20 mA         Frequency       transistor output "push-pull"	1100000101000	
Materials, nonmedium-contact       Sensor tube       CW614N nickeller         Adhesive       Epoxy resin         Flange bolts       stainless steel         Supply       1030 V DC at voltage output 10 V:         voltage       1530 V DC         Power consumption       < 1 W (for no-load outputs)         Output data:       all outputs are resistant to short circuits an reversal polarity protected         Current output:       420 mA (020 mA available on request)         Voltage output:       010 V (210 V available on request)         output:       output current max. 20 mA         Frequency       transistor output "push-pull"	Materials	see table "Materials"
medium-contact Adhesive Epoxy resin Flange bolts stainless steel  Supply 1030 V DC at voltage output 10 V: voltage 1530 V DC  Power consumption  Output data: all outputs are resistant to short circuits an reversal polarity protected  Current output: Voltage output: Voltage output: Voltage output: Voltage output: Frequency transistor output "push-pull"		
Flange bolts stainless steel  Supply 1030 V DC at voltage output 10 V: voltage 1530 V DC  Power consumption   Output data: all outputs are resistant to short circuits an reversal polarity protected  Current output: Voltage output: 010 V (210 V available on request) output: output current max. 20 mA  Frequency transistor output "push-pull"	·	Sensor tube CW614N nickelled
Supply voltage 1030 V DC at voltage output 10 V: 1530 V DC  Power consumption < 1 W (for no-load outputs)  Output data: all outputs are resistant to short circuits an reversal polarity protected  Current output: Voltage output: 010 V (210 V available on request) output: Current max. 20 mA  Frequency transistor output "push-pull"	medium-contact	Adhesive Epoxy resin
voltage 1530 V DC  Power consumption < 1 W (for no-load outputs)  Output data: all outputs are resistant to short circuits an reversal polarity protected  Current output: Voltage output: 010 V (210 V available on request) output current max. 20 mA  Frequency transistor output "push-pull"		
Consumption   Courput data:   all outputs are resistant to short circuits an reversal polarity protected   420 mA (020 mA available on request)		
reversal polarity protected  Current output:  Voltage output:  Voltage output:  Frequency reversal polarity protected  420 mA (020 mA available on request)  010 V (210 V available on request)  output current max. 20 mA  transistor output "push-pull"		< 1 W (for no-load outputs)
output:  Voltage output:  output:  Frequency  output variable on request) output current max. 20 mA transistor output "push-pull"	Output data:	all outputs are resistant to short circuits and reversal polarity protected
output: output current max. 20 mA  Frequency transistor output "push-pull"		420 mA (020 mA available on request)
Output.   I <sub>out</sub> = 100 mA max.	Frequency output:	transistor output "push-pull" I <sub>out</sub> = 100 mA max.
Pulse output: transistor output "push-pull"  I <sub>out</sub> = 100 mA max.  pulse width 50 ms  pulse per volume is to be stated	Pulse output:	I <sub>out</sub> = 100 mA max. pulse width 50 ms
Display  yellow LED indicates operating voltage (LABO-VHZ-I / U) or output status (LABO-VHZ-F / C) (rapid flashing = Programming)	Display	yellow LED indicates operating voltage (LABO-VHZ-I / U) or output status (LABO-VHZ-F / C)
Electrical for round plug connector M12x1, 4-pole connection		
Ingress protection IP 67	Ingress protection	IP 67
Weight see table "Connection, pressure resistance and weight"	Weight	see table "Connection, pressure resistance, and weight"
<b>Conformity</b> CE	Conformity	CE

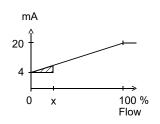


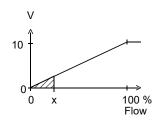
### Signal output curves

Value x = Begin of the specified range
= not specified range

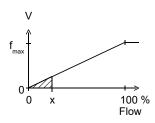
Current output

Voltage output





Frequency output



 $f_{\text{\scriptsize max}}$  selectable in the range of up to 2000 Hz

Other characters on request.

### Pressure resistance and weight

G	Types	PN	Housing material	Weight
		bar		kg
G 1/4	LABO-VHZ-008GA	200	Aluminium	0.5
G <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	LABO-VHZ-008GK	160	Stainless steel	1.5
G 3/8	LABO-VHZ-010GA	160	Aluminium	0.5
G <sup>3</sup> / <sub>8</sub>	LABO-VHZ-010GK	160	Stainless steel	1.5
G 3/4	LABO-VHZ-020GA	160	Aluminium	1.6
G 3/4	LABO-VHZO-020GA	100	Aluminium / glass	1.6
G 1	LABO-VHZ-025GA	80	Aluminium	6.3

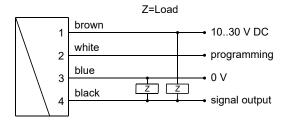
### Ranges

Metering range	Types	Pulse volume (= resolution)
l/min		cm³
0.02 2	LABO-VHZ-008	0.04
0.10 6	LABO-VHZ-010	0.20
0.50 50	LABO-VHZ(O)-020	2.00
3.00 150	LABO-VHZ-025	5.22

### **Materials**

	LABO-VHZ- 008025GA	LABO-VHZ- 008GK	LABO-VHZ- 010025GK
Housing	Al anodised	stainless steel 1.4404	stainless steel 1.4404
gear- wheel and Axis	stainless steel 1.4462	stainless steel 1.4462	stainless steel 1.4462
Bearing	iglidur X	stainless steel 1.4037 / 1.4016 /PVD-coated	iglidur X
Seal	FKM	FKM	FKM
Sight glass	glass (only with VHZO)		

### Wiring



Connection example: PNP NPN



Before the electrical installation, it must be ensured that the supply voltage corresponds to the data sheet.

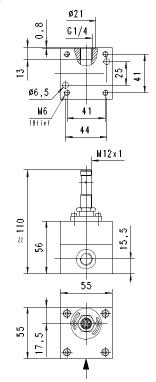
It is recommended to use shielded wiring.

The push-pull output) of the frequency or pulse output version can as desired be switched as a PNP or an NPN output.

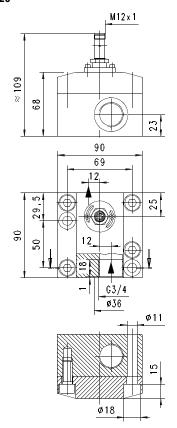


### **Dimensions**

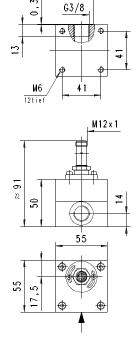
### LABO-VHZ-008



### LABO-VHZ-020

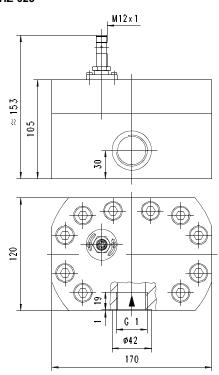


### LABO-VHZ-010



Ø25

### LABO-VHZ-025





### Handling and operation

### Installation

The VHZ flow measurement device can be installed anywhere in the pipework system. A run-in section is not required. The direction of flow may be freely chosen.

It should be ensured that no dirt particles (thread cutting swarf) can get into the flow space, as this could cause the blockage of the gearwheels. It may therefore be necessary to install filters upstream of the flow measurement device (mesh size  $30~\mu m$ ).

### Note

The metering range end value can be programmed by the user via "teaching". Requirement for programmability must be stated when ordering, otherwise the device cannot be programmed. The ECI-1 device configurator with associated software is available as a convenient option for programming all parameters by PC, and for adjustment.

The teaching option is not available for the pulse output version.

### Operation and programming

The teaching process can be carried out by the user as follows:

- The flow rate to be set is applied to the device.
- Apply an impulse of at least 0.5 seconds and max. 2 seconds duration to pin 2 (e.g. via a bridge to the supply voltage or a pulse from the PLC), in order to accept the measured value.
- When the teaching is complete, pin 2 should be connected to 0 V, so as to prevent unintended programming.

The devices have a yellow LED which flashes during the programming pulse. During operation, the LED serves as an indicator of operating voltage (for analog output) or of switching status (for frequency or pulse output).

In order to avoid the need to transit to an undesired operating status during the teach-in, the device can be provided ex-works with a teach-offset. The teach-offset point is added to the currently measured value before saving. The offset point can be positive or negative

Example: The end of the metering range should be set to 80 %. However, only 60 % can be achieved without problem. In this case, the device would be ordered with a "teach-offset" of +20 %.. At a flow rate of 60 % in the process, teaching would then store a value of 80 %.

There are many more parameters which can be programmed by the ECI-1 device configurator if necessary.

### Ordering code

The base device is ordered, e.g. VHZ-008GA002E with electronics, e.g. OMNI-VHZ-008IPLO



O=Option

1.	Sight g	lass					_
	-	no sight glass					
	0-	with sight glass					
2.	Nomina						
	800	DN 8 - G <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub>					•
	010	DN 10 - G <sup>3</sup> / <sub>8</sub>					9
	020	DN 20 - G <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub>				•	ľ
	025	DN 25 - G 1					•
3.	Process	s connection					
	G	female thread					
4.	Body m	naterial					
	Α	aluminium	•	•	•		
	K O	stainless steel		•	•		
5.	Ranges						
	002	0.02 2 l/min			•		
	006	0.10 6 l/min		•			
	050	0.50 50 l/min	•				
	150	3.00150 l/min					
6.	Connec	ction for					
	Е	electronics	•	•	•		
7.	For bas	e device					
	800	VHZ-008GE			•		
	010	VHZ-010GE		•			
	020	VHZ(O)-020GE	•				
	025	VHZ-025GE ●					
8.	Signal	output					
	I	current output 420 mA					
	U	voltage output 010 V					
	F	frequency output					
	С	pulse output					
9.	Prograi	nming					
	N	cannot be programmed (no teaching)					
		programmable (teaching possible)					
10.	Electric	al connection					
	S	for round plug connector M12x1, 4-pole					
11.	Option						
	н о	medium temperature max. 120 °C (with 300 mm cable)					



Required ordering information	
For LABO-VHZF: Output frequency at full scale Maximum value: 2.000 Hz	Hz
For LABO-VHZC: The volume must be specified for the pulse on numerical value and unit) which will correspond	
Volume per pulse (numerical value)	
Volume per pulse (unit)	
Options	
Special range for analog output: <= metering range (standard=metering range)	l/min
Special range for frequency output: <= metering range (standard=metering range)	l/min
Power-On delay period (099 s) (time after applying power during which the outputs are not activated or set to defined values)	s
Further options available on request.	
Accessories	

- Cable/round plug connector (KB...) see additional information "Accessories"
- Evaluation electronics OMNI-TA
- Device configurator ECI-1



# Flow Transmitter / Switch FLEX-VHZ



- Analog output and switching output
- Designed for industrial use
- Small, compact construction
- Simple installation
- Simple to use
- Cable outlet infinitely rotatable

### Characteristics

The VHZ gearwheel flow meter measures the flow on the volumetric principle, in which a pair of gearwheels is moved proportional to the flow rate. The movement of the gearwheels is measured through the enclosing housing wall by a sensor. The devices are suitable for viscous, fluid, self-lubricating media, as well as for aqueous fluids such as soaps, pasts, emulsions etc. which have a non-abrasive character. Because of the volumetric functioning principle, the devices are almost completely independent of viscosity.

The FLEX transducer on the sensor has an analog output (4..20 mA or 0..10 V) and one switching output, which can be configured as a limit switch for monitoring minimal or maximal, or as a frequency output. The switching output is designed as a pushpull driver, and can therefore be used both as a PNP or an NPN output. The state of the switching output is signalled with a yellow LED in the connection; the LED has all-round visibility.

The sensor is configured in the factory, or alternatively this can be done with the aid of the optionally available ECI-1 device configurator (USB interface for PC). A selectable parameter can be modified on the device, with the aid of the magnet clip provided. In this case, the current measured value is saved as the parameter value. Examples of these parameters are the switching value or the metering range end value.

The stainless steel electronics housing is rotatable, so it is possible to orient the cable outlet after installation.

### **Technical data**

Sensor	gearwheel volumeter
Nominal width	DN 825
Process	G <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> G 1
connection	•
Metering ranges	0.02150 l/min
	for details, see table "Ranges"
Measurement	±3 % of the measured value
accuracy	in the specified metering range
	(measured at 20 mm²/s)
Repeatability	±0.3 %
Medium	-25+80 °C, optionally -25.+120 °C
temperature	-20+70 °C
Ambient temperature	-20+70 C
Materials	see table "Materials"
medium-contact	See table materials
Construction	stainless steel 1.4305
material	Adapter: CW614N nickelled
Electronic	·
housing	
Pressure	PN 100200 bar
resistance	for details see table
_	"Pressure resistance and weight"
Pressure loss	see upstream page "Function and
Cumply valtage	benefits - volumetric, gearwheel"  1830 V DC
Supply voltage Power	<1 W
consumption	< 1 VV
Analog output	420 mA / load 500 Ohm max. or
Analog output	010 V / load min. 1 kOhm
Switching output	transistor output "push-pull"
	(resistant to short circuits and polarity
	reversal)
	I <sub>out</sub> = 100 mA max.
Switching	adjustable (please state when ordering)
hysteresis	Standard setting:
	2 % of full scale value, for Min-switch, position of the hysteresis above the limit
	value, and for Max-switch, below the limit
	value
Display	yellow LED (On = Normal / Off = Alarm)
Electrical	for round plug connector M12x1, 4-pole
connection	
1.	
Ingress protection	IP 65
Ingress protection Weight	IP 65 see table "Pressure resistance and weight"

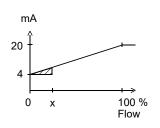


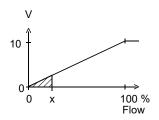
### Signal output curves

Value x = Begin of the specified range = not specified range

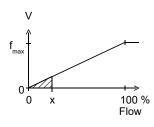
Current output

Voltage output





Frequency output



 $f_{\text{\scriptsize max}}$  selectable in the range of up to 2000 Hz

Other characters on request.

### Pressure resistance and weight

G	Types	PN	Housing material	Weight
		bar		kg
G 1/4	FLEX-VHZ-008GA	200	Aluminium	0.65
G 1/4	FLEX-VHZ-008GK	160	Stainless steel	1.65
G 3/8	FLEX-VHZ-010GA	160	Aluminium	0.65
G 3/8	FLEX-VHZ-010GK	160	Stainless steel	1.65
G 3/4	FLEX-VHZ-020GA	160	Aluminium	1.75
G 3/4	FLEX-VHZO-020GA	100	Aluminium / glass	1.75
G 1	FLEX-VHZ-025GA	80	Aluminium	6.50

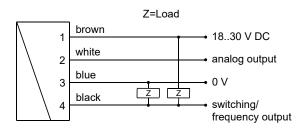
### Ranges

Metering range	Types	Pulse volume (= resolution)
l/min		cm <sup>3</sup>
0.02 2	FLEX-VHZ-008	0.04
0.10 6	FLEX-VHZ-010	0.20
0.50 50	FLEX-VHZ(O)-020	2.00
3.00 150	FLEX-VHZ-025	5.22

### **Materials**

	FLEX-VHZ- 008025GA	FLEX-VHZ- 008GK	FLEX-VHZ- 010025GK
Housing	Al anodised	stainless steel 1.4404	stainless steel 1.4404
gearwheel and Axis	stainless steel 1.4462	stainless steel 1.4462	stainless steel 1.4462
Bearing	Iglidur X	stainless steel 1.4037 / 1.401 6 /PVD-coated	Iglidur X
Seal	FKM	FKM	FKM
Sight glass	glass (only with VHZO)		

### Wiring



Connection example: PNP NPN



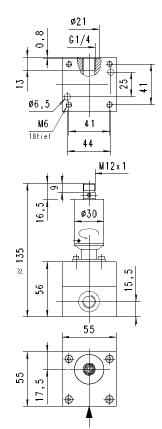
Before the electrical installation, it must be ensured that the supply voltage corresponds with the data sheet. It is recommended to use shielded wiring.

Members of GHM GROUP: GREISINGER | HONSBERG | Martens | IMTRON | Seltación | VAL.CO

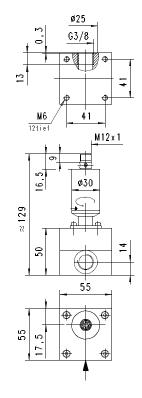


### Dimensions

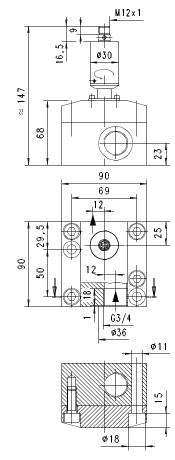
### FLEX-VHZ-008



### FLEX-VHZ-010

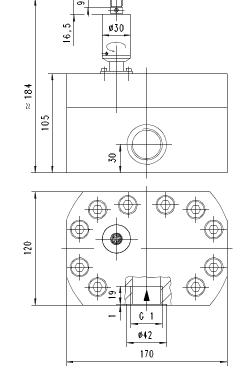


### FLEX-VHZ-020



M12 x 1

### FLEX-VHZ-025





### Handling and operation

### Installation

The VHZ flow measurement device can be installed anywhere in the pipework system. A run-in section is not required. The direction of flow may be freely chosen.

It should be ensured that no dirt particles (thread cutting swarf) can get into the flow space, as this could cause the blockage of the gearwheels. It may therefore be necessary to install filters upstream of the flow measurement device (mesh size 30  $\mu m).$ 

### **Programming**

The electronics contain a magnetic contact, with the aid of which different parameters can be programmed. Programming takes place when a magnet clip is applied for a period between 0.5 and 2 seconds to the marking located on the label. If the contact time is longer or shorter than this, no programming takes place (protection against external magnetic fields).





After the programming ("teaching"), the clip can either be left on the device, or removed to protect data.

The device has a yellow LED which flashes during the programming pulse. During operation, the LED serves as a status display for the switching output.

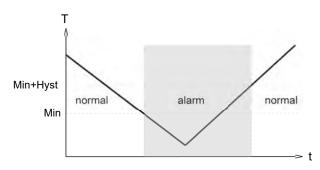
In order to avoid the need to transit to an undesired operating status during "teaching", the device can be provided ex-works with a "teach-offset". The "teach-offset" value is added to the currently measured value before saving (or is subtracted if a negative value is entered).

Example: The switching value is to be set to 70 % of the metering range, because at this flow rate a critical process status is to be notified. However, only 50% can be achieved without danger. In this case, the device would be ordered with a "teach-offset" of +20 %. At 50 % in the process, a switching value of 70 % would then be stored during "teaching".

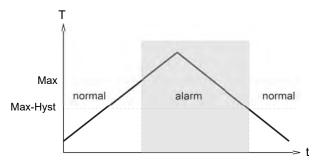
Normally, programming is used to set the limit switch. However, if desired, other parameters such as the end value of the analog or frequency output may also be set.

The limit switch can be used to monitor minimal or maximal.

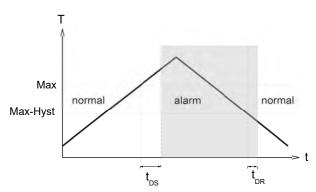
With a minimum-switch, falling below the limit value causes a switchover to the alarm state. Return to the normal state occurs when the limit value plus the set hysteresis is again exceeded.



With a maximum-switch, exceeding the limit value causes a switchover to the alarm state. Return to the normal state occurs when the measured value once more falls below the limit value minus the set hysteresis.



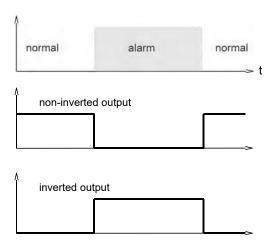
A switchover delay time ( $t_{DS}$ ) can be applied to the switchover to the alarm state. Equally, one switch-back delay time ( $t_{DR}$ ) of several can be applied to switching back to the normal state.



In the normal state the integrated LED is on, in the alarm state it is off, and this corresponds to its status when there is no supply voltage.

In the non-inverted (standard) model, while in the normal state the switching output is at the level of the supply voltage; in the alarm state it is at 0 V, so that a wire break would also display as an alarm state at the signal receiver. Optionally, an inverted switching output can also be provided, i.e. in the normal state the output is at 0 V, and in the alarm state it is at the level of the supply voltage.





A Power-On delay function (ordered as a separate option) makes it possible to maintain the switching output in the normal state for a defined period after application of the supply voltage.

### Ordering code

The base device is ordered, e.g. VHZ-008GA002E with electronics, e.g. FLEX-VHZ-008ILO

	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.
VHZ			G			E
	7.	8.	9. 1	10.		
FLEX-VHZ-						

O=Option

1.	Sight glas	ss				
	-	no sight glass				
	0-	with sight glass				
2.	Nominal v	width				
	800	DN 8 - G <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub>				
	010	DN 10 - G <sup>3</sup> / <sub>8</sub>				
	020	DN 20 - G <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub>				
	025	DN 25 - G 1				
3.	Process of	connection				
	G	female thread				
4.	Body mat	erial				
	Α	aluminium	•	•	•	•
	K O	stainless steel			•	•
5.	Ranges					
	002	0.02 2 l/min				•
	006	0.10 6 l/min			•	
	050	0.50 50 l/min		•		
	150	3.00150 l/min	•			
6.	Connection	on for				
	E	electronics	•	•	•	•
7.	For base	device				
	008	VHZ-008GE				•
	010	VHZ-010GE			•	
	020	VHZ(O)-020GE		•		
	025	VHZ-025GE	•			
8.	Analog or				_	
	1	current output 420 mA				
	U	voltage output 010 V				

9.	Functioning of the switching output		
	L minimum-switch		
	H maximum-switch		
	R frequency output		
10.	Switching signal		
	O standard output		
	1	inverted output	

Options	
Special range for analog output: (not greater than the sensor's working range)	l/min
Special range for frequency output: (not greater than the sensor's working range)	l/min
End frequency (max. 2000 Hz)	Hz
Switch-on delay (from Alarm to OK)	s
Switch-off-delay (from OK to Alarm)	s
Power-On delay (099 s) (time after power on, during which the outputs are not actuated)	s
Switching output fixed	[l/min
Special hysteresis (standard = 2 % EW)	<u></u> %
Gooseneck (recommended at operating temperatures	

If the fields are not completed, the standard setting is selected automatically.

### **Accessories**

above 70 °C)

- Cable/round plug connector (KB...) see additional information "Accessories"
- Device configurator ECI-1



## Flow Transmitter / Switch OMNI-VHZ



- Flow sensor using the gearwheel principle
- Suitable for viscous media (oils, emulsions)
- Analog output 4..20 mA or 0..10 V
- Two programmable switches (push-pull)
- Graphical LCD display, backlit (transreflective), can be read in sunlight and in the dark
- Modifiable units in the display
- Programmable parameters via rotatable, removable ring (programming protection)
- Full metal housing with non-scratch, chemically resistant glass
- Rotatable electronic head for best reading position
- Small, compact construction
- Simple installation

### Characteristics

The VHZ gearwheel flow meter measures the flow by a volumetric principle, in which a pair of gearwheels is moved proportional to the flow rate. The movement of the gearwheels is measured through the enclosing housing wall by a sensor. The devices are suitable for viscous, fluid, self-lubricating media, as well as for aqueous fluids such as soaps, pasts, emulsions etc. which have a non-abrasive character. Because of the volumetric functioning principle, the devices are almost completely independent of viscosity.

The OMNI transducer located on the sensor has a backlit graphics LCD display which is very easy to read, both in the dark and in bright sunlight. The graphics display allows the presentation of measured values and parameters in a clearly understandable form.

The measured values are displayed to 4 places, together with their physical unit, which may also be modified by the user. The electronics have an analog output (4..20 mA or 0..10 V) and two switching outputs, which can be used as limit switches for monitoring minimal or maximal, or as two-point controllers.

The switching outputs are designed as push-pull drivers, and can therefore be used both as PNP and NPN outputs. Exceeding limit values is signalled by a red LED which is visible over a long distance, and by a cleartext in the display. The stainless steel case has a hardened non-scratch mineral glass pane. It is operated by a programming ring fitted with a magnet, so there is no need to open the operating controls housing, and its leakproofness is permanently ensured.

By turning the ring to right or left, it is simple to modify the parameters (e.g. switching point, hysteresis...). To protect from unintended programming, it can be removed, turned through 180  $^\circ$  and replaced, or completely removed, thus acting as a key.



### **OPTION C:**

Preset Counter with external reset option, complementary switching outputs and actual value display.

### **OPTION C1:**

Instantaneous value display with analogue output, pulse-volume output and totalizer

### **Technical data**

Γ_			
Sensor	gearwheel volumeter		
Nominal width	DN 825		
Process	G <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> G 1		
connection			
Metering ranges	0.02150 l/min		
	for details, see table "Ranges"		
Measurement	±3 % of the mea		
accuracy	in the specified		
	(measured at 20	0 mm²/s)	
Repeatability	±0.3 %		
Medium	-25+80 °C		
temperature	optionally -25+	+120 °C	
Ambient	-20+70 °C		
temperature			
Pressure	see table		
resistance	"Pressure resistance and weight"		
Pressure loss	see upstream page "Function and		
	benefits - volumetric, gearwheel"		
Materials	rials"		
medium-contact			
Materials	Electronic stainless steel 1.4305		
non-medium-	housing		
contact	Glass	mineral glass, hardened	
	Magnet	Samarium-Cobalt	
	Ring	POM	
	Adapter	CW614N nickelled	
Supply voltage	1830 V DC		
Power	< 1 W		
consumption			
Analog output	420 mA / max. load 500 Ω or		
3	010 V / min. load 1 kΩ		
Switching outputs	transistor output "push-pull"		
	(resistant to short circuits and polarity		
	reversal)		
	$I_{\text{out}} = 100 \text{ mA max}.$		
Hysteresis	adjustable, position of the hysteresis		
	depends on mir	nimum or maximum	



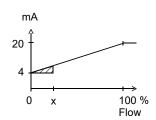
Display	backlit graphical LCD-Display (transreflective), extended temperature range -20+70 °C, 32 x 16 pixels, background illumination, displays value and unit, flashing LED signal lamp with simultaneous message on the display.
Electrical connection	for round plug connector M12x1, 5-pole
Ingress protection	IP 67 / (IP 68 when oil-filled)
Weight	see table "Pressure resistance and weight"
Conformity	CE

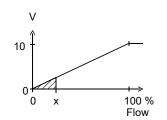
### Signal output curves

Value x = Begin of the specified range = not specified range

Current output

Voltage output





Other characters on request.

### Pressure resistance and weight

G	Types	PN	Housing material	Weight
		bar		kg
G 1/4	OMNI-VHZ-008GA	200	Aluminium	0.7
G 1/4	OMNI-VHZ-008GK	160	Stainless steel	1.7
G 3/8	OMNI-VHZ-010GA	160	Aluminium	0.7
G 3/8	OMNI-VHZ-010GK	160	Stainless steel	1.7
G 3/4	OMNI-VHZ-020GA	160	Aluminium	1.8
G 3/4	OMNI-VHZO-020GA	100	Aluminium / glass	1.8
G 1	OMNI-VHZ-025GA	80	Aluminium	6.7

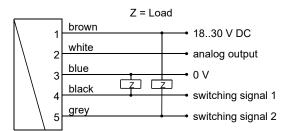
### Ranges

Metering range	Types	Pulse volume (= resolution)
l/min		cm <sup>3</sup>
0.02 2	OMNI-VHZ-008	0.04
0.10 6	OMNI-VHZ-010	0.20
0.50 50	OMNI-VHZ(O)-020	2.00
3.00 150	OMNI-VHZ-025	5.22

### **Materials**

	OMNI-VHZ- 008025GA	OMNI-VHZ- 008GK	OMNI-VHZ- 010025GK
Housing	Al anodised	stainless steel 1.4404	stainless steel 1.4404
gear- wheel and Axis	stainless steel 1.4462	stainless steel 1.4462	stainless steel 1.4462
Bearing	Iglidur X	stainless steel 1.4037 / 1.4016 / PVD-coated	Iglidur X
Seal	FKM	FKM	FKM
Sight glass	Glass (only with VHZO)		

### Wiring



Connection example:PNP NPN



connector M12x1

See separate wiring at C and C1 option in the separate descriptions.

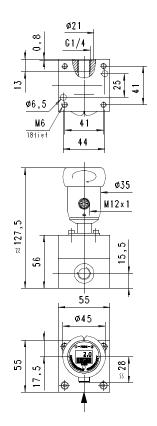
Before the electrical installation, it must be ensured that the supply voltage complies with the data sheet.

The use of shielded cabling is recommended.

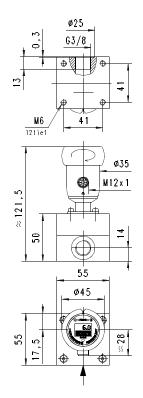


### **Dimensions**

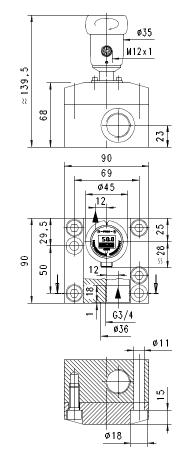
### OMNI-VHZ008



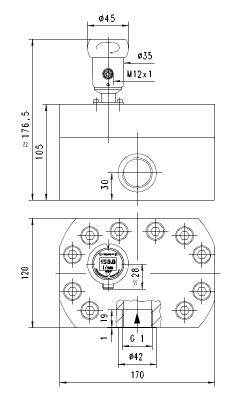
### OMNI-VHZ010



### OMNI-VHZ-020



### OMNI-VHZ-025





### Gooseneck option



(optional) gooseneck the between electronics head and the primary sensor provides freedom in orientation the of the sensor This option simultaneously provides thermal decoupling between the two units.

### Handling and operation

### Installation

The VHZ flow measurement device can be installed anywhere in the pipework system. A run-in section is not required. The direction of flow may be freely chosen.

It should be ensured that no dirt particles (thread cutting swarf) can get into the flow space, as this could cause the blockage of the gearwheels. It may therefore be necessary to install filters upstream of the flow measurement device (mesh size  $30~\mu m$ ).

### **Programming**

The annular gap of the programming ring can be turned to positions 1 and 2. The following actions are possible:



Set to 1 = continue (STEP) Set to 2 = modify (PROG)

### Neutral position between 1 and 2

The ring can be removed to act as a key, or turned through 180  $^{\circ}$  and replaced to create a programming protector.

Operation is by dialog with the display messages, which makes its use very simple.

Starting from the normal display (present value and unit), if 1 (STEP) is repeatedly selected, then the display shows the following information in this order:

### Display of the parameters, using position 1

- Switching value S1 (switching point 1 in the selected unit)
- Switching characteristic of S1
   MIN = Monitoring of minimum value
   MAX = Monitoring of maximum value
- Hysteresis 1 (hysteresis value of S1 in the set unit)
- Switching value S2
- Switching characteristic of S2
- Hysteresis 2
- Code

After entering the **code 111**, further parameters can be defined:

- Filter (settling time of the display and output)
- Physical unit (Units)
- Output: 0..20 mA or 4..20 mA
- 0/4 mA (measured value corresponding to 0/4 mA)
- 20 mA (measured value corresponding to 20 mA)

For models with a voltage output, replace 20 mA accordingly with 10  $\rm V.$ 

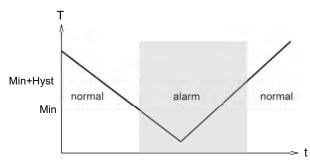
### Edit, using position 2

If the currently visible parameter is to be modified:

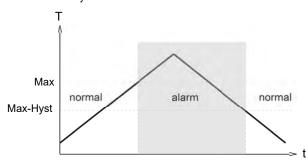
- Turn the annular gap to position 2, so that a flashing cursor appears which displays the position which can be modified.
- By repeatedly turning to position 2, values are increased; by turning to position 1, the cursor moves to the next digit.
- Leave the parameter by turning to position 1 (until the cursor leaves the row); this accepts the modification.
- If there is no action within 30 seconds, the device returns to the normal display range without accepting the modification.

The limit switches S1 and S2 can be used to monitor minimal or maximal.

With a minimum-switch, falling below the limit value causes a switchover to the alarm state. Return to the normal state occurs when the limit value plus the set hysteresis is once more exceeded.



With a maximum-switch, exceeding the limit value causes a switchover to the alarm state. Return to the normal state occurs when the measured value once more falls below the limit value minus the set hysteresis.



The change to the alarm state is indicated by the integrated red LED and a cleartext in the display. While in the normal state the switching outputs are at the level of the supply voltage; in the alarm state they are at 0 V, so that a wire break would also display as an alarm state at the signal receiver.

### Overload display

Overload of a switching output is detected and indicated on the display ("Check S 1 / S 2"), and the switching output is switched off.

### Simulation mode

To simplify commissioning, the sensor provides a simulation mode for the analog output. It is possible to create a programmable value in the range 0..26.0 mA at the output (without modifying the process variable). This allows the wiring run between the sensor and the downstream electronics to be tested during commissioning. This mode is accessed by means of **Code 311**.

### **Factory settings**

After modifying the configuration parameters, it is possible to reset them to the factory settings at any time using **Code 989.** 

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### **Ordering code**

The base device is ordered, e.g. VHZ-008GA002E with electronics, e.g. OMNI-VHZ-008ILO



O=Option

1.	Sight glass							
	-	no sight glass			П			
	0-	with sight glass						
2.	Nomina	Nominal width						
	800	DN 8 - G <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub>						•
	010	DN 10 - G <sup>3</sup> / <sub>8</sub>						•
	020	DN 20 - G <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub>					•	•
	025	DN 25 - G 1						•
3.	Process	connection						
	G	female thread						
4.	Body m	aterial						
	Α	aluminium	•	•	•	•		
	к о	stainless steel			•	•		
5.	Ranges							
	002	0.02 2 l/min				•		
	006	0.10 6 l/min			•			
	050	0.50 50 l/min		•				
	150	3.00150 l/min	•					
6.		tion for						
	E	electronics	•	•	•	•		
7.	For bas	e device						
	800	VHZ-008GE				•		
	010	VHZ-010GE			•			
	020	VHZ(O)-020GE		•				
	025	VHZ-025GE	•					
8.	Analog							
	I	current output 420 mA						•
		voltage output 010 V						•
	K	without						
9.	Electrical connection							
	S for round plug connector M12x1, 5-pole							
10.	Option							
	Н О	gooseneck						
	0 0	tropical model Oil-filled version for heavy duty or ext	err	nal	us	е		
11.	Option	2						
		Counter C						
	C1 O	Counter C1						

### **Options**

Counter C (hardware and software option): Preset Counter with external reset option, complementary switching outputs and actual value display (modified wiring diagram!)

Counter C1 (software option): Instantaneous value display with analogue output, pulse-volume output and totalizer

### Accessories

- Cable/round plug connector (KB...) see additional information "Accessories"

  Device configurator ECI-1



### **OMNI-C** Counter



Counter for flow transmitters:

- Piston
- · Dynamic diaphragm
- Rotor
- Turbine
- Gear
- Screw
- Calorimetry
- MID
- Vortex
- Simple totalisation
- Simple filling counter with programmable end signal
- Control switchover at present value
- Automatic, dynamic change of display unit and decimal places in the graphics display
- Antivalent outputs
- Simple guided menu via graphics display

### **Characteristics**

The totaliser of the OMNI flow rate system enables a totalisation or measurement of consumption for all HONSBERG device families (for fluids and gases) with which the OMNI system is compatible; this is independent of the input signal, pulse or analogue input, and of the measurement process.

Simple filling control is also possible. Here, the counter can be set to count upwards or downwards.

When the preset point is reached, a switching signal is emitted which is available in antivalent form to two outputs.

Resetting can be carried out by means of a signal input or also by a programming ring.

The state of the counter is indicated in an LCD display with only four digits. Here, the number of decimal places and the unit displayed is continuously matched to the current state of the counter. In this case, the smallest value which can be displayed is 0.001 ml (= 1  $\mu$ l), and the largest is 9999 m³. The counter therefore has 13 places, of which the four most significant are displayed at any one time. The display resolution at all times is therefore at least 1 per thousand of the displayed value, or better, and this generally exceeds the accuracy of the counter are in that case irrelevant to the accuracy of the measurement.

The automatic dynamic changeover of units in the display in relation to the state of the counter makes the value easy to read in spite of a display with only four digits. In addition, user configuration of the counter is unnecessary.

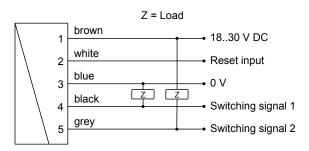
In addition to the totalised value, the present flow rate can be displayed.

### Technical data

Counter range	0.000 ml to 9999 m <sup>3</sup>
	with automatic setting of the decimal places
	and of the applicable unit.

Switching signal outputs (Pin 4 + 5)	2 x pushpull output, max. 100 mA, resistant to short circuits and polarity reversal, antivalent states, configurable on the device as a wipe or edge signal
Counter reset signal (Pin 2)	Input 1830 V resistant to short circuits and reversed polarity PIN 2, wiper signal, positive or negative edge can be selected locally

### Wiring



Connection example: PNP NPN



Before the connecting the supply voltage, it must be ensured that this corresponds with the data sheet! The use of shielded cabling is recommended

Sensor connection to OMNI-C-TA, see dimensions.



### Handling and operation

### Installation

For assembly, please observe the handling instructions for the different device versions.

After assembly, it is possible to move the sensor head to the most optimal reading position opposite the sensor part using its rotating function.

### **Programming**

On the display, the counter indicates the state of the totaliser as a value and unit. The units ml, L, m³ are set automatically.

For operation as a totaliser, no configuration by the user is necessary.

To use the other functions, configuration may be required. This is carried out using the programming ring located on the device.



The annular gap of the programming ring can be turned to positions 1 and 2. The following actions are possible:



Set to 1 = continue (STEP) Set to 2 = modify (PROG)

Neutral position between 1 and 2

The ring can be removed to act as a key, or turned through 180 ° and replaced to create a programming protector.

Operation is by dialogue with the display messages, which makes its use very simple.

The control display of the present flow rate depends on the metering range of the selected flow transmitter, and has already been set appropriately in the factory (ml/min, l/min, l/h, m³/h). It is activated by turning the ring to position 1

After 10 seconds, the display automatically returns to the totaliser mode.

For operation as a preset counter, the following must be set:

- 1. The preset point
- The type of output signal ("Preset has been reached"): Signal edge / wiper pulse width of the wiper pulse, if required
- 3. The unit of the preset point: (ml, litre, m³).

Starting from the normal display (total and unit), if 1 (Step) is selected repeatedly, then the counter shows the following information:

- Normal display is total and unit (e.g. litre)
- Display of present value (e.g. l/min)
- Preset point incl. type of switching output.
- Code

The code gives access to various input levels into which parameters can be entered (so that this does not occur inadvertently, the code must be entered!).

### Code 111:

- Gate time (available only for sensors which transmit frequency)
- Filter time
- Direction of count (pos / neg)
- Unit for switching value reset point
- Decimal place for switching value / reset point
- Switching type for switching value (edge / wiper signal)
- Pulse duration (for wiper signal)
- Reset method (manual / via signal)

### Code 100:

Manual reset for totaliser

The detailed flow chart for operation is available in the "Operating instructions for OMNI-C".



Combination exam	nples
Vortex CF	
Calorimetric F (separate data sheet)	
Calorimetric FG (separate data sheet)	
Calorimetric FIN	
Magnetic inductive FIS (separate data sheet)	
Piston HD HR MR	
Magnetic inductive MID1	
Panel mounting OMNI-TA (separate data sheet)	
Rotor RR	
Turbine RT	
Screw VHS	

Gear VHZ	
<b>Dynamic diaphragm</b> XF	



# Momentary value indicator, transmitter and meter OMNI-C1 electronics



Counter for flow transmitters:

- Piston
- Dynamic diaphragm
- Rotor
- Turbine
- Gear
- Screw
- MID
- Vortex
- Momentary value indicator and totalisation
- Pulse output with adjustable pulse per volume
- Antivalent outputs
- Analogue output of the momentary value
- Simple guided menu via graphics display

### Characteristics

The local OMNI-C1 electronics offers a momentary value indicator and a totalisation of the flow rate quantity.

The momentary value is output at the analogue output as a 4..20 mA signal (or optionally as a 0..10 V signal).

In addition, the electronics has a pulse output, which outputs a pulse after a preset quantity with a duration of 36 ms. The pulse is available at two switching outputs in anitvalent form.

The primary displayed value is the flow rate. Using the programming ring, you can temporarily switch to the totalisation.

The state of the totalisation is indicated in an LCD display with only four digits. Here, the number of decimal places and the unit displayed is continuously matched to the current state of the counter. In this case, the smallest value which can be displayed is 0.001 ml (= 1  $\mu$ l), and the largest is 9999 m³. The counter therefore has 13 places, of which the four most significant are displayed at any one time. The display resolution at all times is therefore at least 1 per thousand of the displayed value, or better, and this generally exceeds the accuracy of the connected flow transmitter. The non-displayed digits of the counter are in that case irrelevant to the accuracy of the measurement.

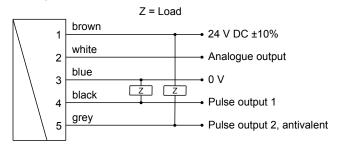
The automatic dynamic changeover of units in the display in relation to the state of the counter makes the value easy to read in spite of a display with only four digits. In addition, user configuration of the counter is unnecessary.

Instead of the counter option C1 the counter option C is available (see corresponding datasheet). It offers a totalizer with adjustable preset value and external reset. This allows to realize a filling control application for example. Additionally the actual flow rate value can be displayed, however without an analog output.

### **Technical data**

Counter range	0.000 ml to 9999 m³ with automatic setting of the decimal places and of the applicable unit
Pulse outputs (Pin 4 + 5)	2 x pushpull output, max. 100 mA, resistant to short circuits and polarity reversal, antivalent statuses, pulse width 36 ms

### Wiring



Connection example: PNP NPN



Plug connector M12x1

Before the electrical installation, it must be ensured that the supply voltage corresponds to the data sheet.

The use of shielded cabling is recommended.

Counter C:



### Handling and operation

### Installation

For assembly, please observe the handling instructions for the different device versions.

After assembly, it is possible to move the sensor head to the most optimal reading position opposite the sensor part using its rotating function.

### **Programming**

The resetting of the meter to zero takes place through the programming.

The stainless steel case has a hardened non-scratch mineral glass pane. It is operated by a programming ring fitted with a magnet, so there is no need to open the operating controls housing, and its leakproofness is permanently ensured.

By turning the ring to right or left, it is simple to modify the parameters (e.g. switching point, hysteresis...). To protect from unintended programming, it can be removed, turned through 180  $^{\circ}$  and replaced, or completely removed, thus acting as a key.



On the display, the meter indicates the current flow rate as a value and unit. For this purpose, no adjustments by the user are necessary.

To use the other functions, configuration may be required. This is carried out using the programming ring located on the device.

The annular gap of the programming ring can be turned to positions 1 and 2. The following actions are possible:



Set to 1 = continue (STEP) Set to 2 = modify (PROG)

Neutral position between 1 and 2

The ring can be removed to act as a key, or turned through 180 ° and replaced to create a programming protector.

Operation is by dialogue with the display messages, which makes its use very simple.

Rotating the ring once to Pos. 1 displays the totaliser status. In the process, the unit is automatically set to the quantity already counted.

After 10 seconds, the display automatically returns to the momentary value mode.

If the ring is turned to position 1 again while the totaliser status is shown, the code input is reached.

The code gives access to various input levels into which parameters can be changed (so that this does not occur inadvertently, the code must be entered!).

### Code 100:

Reset for totaliser

### Code 111:

Filter Enables the input of a filter time in multiple

levels

The filter time describes the time after which a volatile change in flow occurs until the display value has adopted the new value

PlsUnit Enables the input of the unit of the pulse

volume (pulse per volume), e.g. cm<sup>3</sup>,

Litre, m3

PIsVal Enables the input of the meter value of the

pulse flow (0..9999)

Output Enables switching of the analogue output

between 0..20 mA and 4..20 mA (optionally

(0..10 V and 2..10 V)

**4 mA** Defines the momentary value at which 4 mA

should be output

20 mA Defines the momentary value at which

20 mA should be output



Combination exam	nples
Vortex CF	
Calorimetric F (separate data sheet)	
Calorimetric FG (separate data sheet)	
Calorimetric FIN	
Magnetic inductive FIS (separate data sheet)	
Piston HD HR MR	
Magnetic inductive MID1	
Panel mounting OMNI-TA (separate data sheet)	
Rotor RR	
Turbine RT	
Screw VHS	

Gear VHZ	
Dynamic diaphragm XF	



# **Device Configurator ECI-1**



- Can be used on site for:
  - parameter modification
  - firmware update
  - adjustment of inputs and outputs
- Can be connected via USB

### Characteristics

The device configurator ECI-1 is an interface which allows the connection of microcontroller-managed HONSBERG sensors to the USB port of a computer.

Together with the Windows software "HONSBERG Device Configurator" it enables

- the modification of all the sensor's configuration settings
- the reading of measured values
- the adjustment of inputs and outputs
- firmware updates

### **Technical data**

Supply voltage	1230 V DC (depending on the connected sensor) and via USB
Power	< 1 W
consumption	
Connection	
Sensor	cable bushing M12x1, 5-pole, straight length approx. 50 cm
Lead	device connector M12x1, 5-pole
USB	USB bushing type B
Operating temperature	050 °C
Storage temperature	-20+80 °C
Dimensions of housing	98 mm (L) x 64 mm (W) x 38 mm (H)
Housing material	ABS
Ingress protection	IP 40

### Handling and operation

### Connection



The device configurator is intended for temporary connection to the application. It is connected between the the existing sensor lead and the sensor. Power supply is via the supply to the sensor and the computer's USB port. When inactive (no communication), the configurator behaves completely neutrally; all signals from the sensor remain available to the application. During communication between computer and sensor, the signal wirings are separated in the configurator, so that in this state the sensor's output signals are not available.

To connect 4-pole leads without a middle hole to the installed 5-pole device connector, adapter K04-05 is included. 4-pole leads with a middle hole can be used without an adapter.

### **Ordering code**

Device configurator (for scope of delivery, see the diagram below)	ECI-1
---	-------

### Scope of delivery

- 1. Device configurator ECI-1
- 2. USB cable
- 3. Adapter K04-05
- 4. Plug KB05G
- 5. Cable K05PU-02SG
- 6. Carrying case

Incl. software

### Accessories: Mains connector 24 V DC

(with fitted round plug connector, 5-pole, incl. international plug set)



EPWR24-1

Replacement parts:

Replacement parts.	
M12x1 adapter 4- / 5-pole	K04-05
PUR cable, 5-pole, shielded with round plug connector M12x1	K05PU-02SG
Round plug connector M12x1, 5-pole (without cable)	KB05G



### **Option**

### LABO transmitter - Temperature up to 150 °C



All LABO transmitters can be used with electronics positioned in a separate area with media temperatures up to 150  $^{\circ}$ C.

### **OMNI - Tropical model**



This OMNI electronic option should be used where temperatures change quickly, or for external installations (the device is filled with oil, and thus prevents condensate formation in the electronics housing, even under adverse circumstances)



### **Accessories**

### Filter



Type ZE



The HONSBERG filters are offered for the protection of the devices from dirt or as independent components for coarse and fine filtration of liquids.

For more information, see additional product information.

### Round plug connector 4 / 5-pin





### Ordering code

### Self-assembly

1.	Number of pins				
	04	4-polig			
	05	5-polig			
2.	Steckerabgang				
	G	gerade			
	W	gewinkelt 90 °			

### Round plug connector 4-pin



- 1 ← brown
- 2 ← white
- 3 ← blue
- 4 ← black

### Ordering code

### Packaged

1.	Number of pins						
٠.	04	4-polig					
2.							
	PU-	PUR					
3.	Cable length						
	02	2 m					
	05	5 m					
	10	10 m					
		Others on request					
4.	Shielding						
	S shielding applied to coupling						
	U	unshielded					
	N O	shielding not applied to coupling					
5.	Steckerabgang						
	G	straight					
	W	elbow 90 °					



### Round plug connector 5-pin



1 ← brown

2 ← white

3 ← blue

4 ← black

5 ← grey

### Ordering code

### **Packaged**

	1.		2.	3.	4.	5.	
K	05	-	PU-				O= Option

1.	Number of pins						
	05	5-polig					
2.	Cable material						
	PU-	PUR					
3.	Cable lengt	th					
	02	2 m					
	05	5 m					
	10	10 m					
		Others on request					
4.	Shielding						
	S	shielding applied to coupling					
	U	unshielded					
	N O	shielding not applied to coupling					
5.	Steckerabgang						
	G	straight					
	W	elbow 90 °					

### Panel meter OMNI-TA





Converter with the same data as the OMNI in situ electronics; but as an external panel-mounting variant with IP 67 housing.

### **OMNI - Remote**



Function is identical to OMNI-in situ. Connection to the sensor is, however, made by wire, and so the measurement point and display location can be apart









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